English Curriculum Map

The National Curriculum purpose of study for English:

English has a pre-eminent place in education and in society. A high-quality education in English will teach pupils to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate their ideas and emotions to others and through their reading and listening, others can communicate with them. Through reading in particular, pupils have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. Literature, especially, plays a key role in such development. Reading also enables pupils both to acquire knowledge and to build on what they already know. All the skills of language are essential to participating fully as a member of society; pupils, therefore, who do not learn to speak, read and write fluently and confidently are effectively disenfranchised.

Aims

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written word, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- Are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate.

English: School Statement of Intent

At Fulwood and Cadley, our aim is to provide an English curriculum that engages and inspires our children's love of literature whilst also developing their fundamental skills of spoken and written language in order to become thoughtful readers and creative writers. Our curriculum is based around the principles of the Talk for Writing process which reflects the importance of spoken language that underpins the development of reading and writing, not only in English but across the whole curriculum. Our children are provided with opportunities to widen their vocabulary and develop their understanding of grammar for reading, writing and spoken language. They are taught to use discussion as a vehicle for learning moving on to developing crucial skills to allow them to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of context, purposes and audiences. Most importantly, our writing curriculum aims to inspire our children to feel confident in their ability to write and become passionate in their ability to be creative. We believe that all pupils should have the opportunity to be fluent, confident readers who are able to successfully comprehend and understand a wide range of texts. We strive for our pupils to develop a passion for reading and a love of books not only to support their academic ability but to develop their life-long opportunities in everyday life, further education and future employment. We believe reading is one of the most important ingredients of a successful learner and as a result, we aim to permeate our whole school curriculum with opportunities to read.

Statutory National Curriculum Summary: Year 1

During year 1, teachers should build on work from the Early Years Foundation Stage, making sure that pupils can sound and blend unfamiliar printed words quickly and accurately using the phonic knowledge and skills that they have already learnt. Teachers should also ensure that pupils continue to learn new grapheme-phoneme correspondences (GPCs) and revise and consolidate those learnt earlier. The understanding that the letter(s) on the page represent the sounds in spoken words should underpin pupils' reading and spelling of all words. This includes common words containing unusual GPCs. The term 'common exception words' is used throughout the programmes of study for such words.

Alongside this knowledge of GPCs, pupils need to develop the skill of blending the sounds into words for reading and establish the habit of applying this skill whenever they encounter new words. This will be supported by practice in reading books consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and skill and their knowledge of common exception words. At the same time they will need to hear, share and discuss a wide range of high- quality books to develop a love of reading and broaden their vocabulary.

Pupils should be helped to read words without overt sounding and blending after a few encounters. Those who are slow to develop this skill should have extra practice.

Pupils' writing during year 1 will generally develop at a slower pace than their reading. This is because they need to encode the sounds they hear in words (spelling skills), develop the physical skill needed for handwriting, and learn how to organise their ideas in writing.

Pupils entering year 1 who have not yet met the early learning goals for literacy should continue to follow their school's curriculum for the Early Years Foundation Stage to develop their word reading, spelling and language skills. However, these pupils should follow the year 1 programme of study in terms of the books they listen to and discuss, so that they develop their vocabulary and understanding of grammar, as well as their knowledge more generally across the curriculum. If they are still struggling to decode and spell, they need to be taught to do this urgently through a rigorous and systematic phonics programme so that they catch up rapidly.

Teachers should ensure that their teaching develops pupils' oral vocabulary as well as their ability to understand and use a variety of grammatical structures, giving particular support to pupils whose oral language skills are insufficiently developed.

Year 1 Programme of Study for English

Teaching Focus	Teaching Expectations and Progression	Programme or SOW:
	Spoken language must underpin the development of reading and writing	Modelling conversations in class frequently
	Teachers/ adults must model correct spoken language frequently	
Spoken Language	The development of vocabulary and grammar when speaking is vital to understand	Discussion of books
	reading and writing	
Daily	Continual development of pupil's confidence and competence in spoken language must be prioritised	Oral rehearsal of texts and sentences as part of the reading and writing process.
	Children should explain their understanding of books and other reading	
	Children should orally rehearse sentences before they write	Learning nursery rhymes, poems and model texts
	Adult must assist children in making their thinking clear to themselves and others	off by heart
	identifying misconceptions in their spoken words.	
	Children should be given opportunities to discuss and debate	
	Children should participate in drama or oral re-telling of books/ events	
Phonics	apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words	
	• respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for	
Daily	all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes	Twinkl Phonics SOW
	read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have	
	been taught	
Reading – Word	Pupils should revise and consolidate the GCPs taught in Reception	Twinkl Phonics SOW
Reading	Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	See Appendix 1 of NC which is statutory
Daily	Read words containing taught GPCs and –s, –es, –ing, –ed, –er and –est endings	Read frequently (1:1) to an adult books that match
	read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs	their phonic ability from the school reading
	• read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)	scheme.
	read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic	New: All pupils must have an opportunity to take
	knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words	home a book at a higher level designed to be read
	Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.	with a parent. These are called 'Talk about Books'
		and can be supplemented with the Top 50 books scheme.
Reading –	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:	Books as part of the Twinkl phonics scheme
Comprehension	listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level	
	beyond that at which they can read independently	Pie Corbett's reading spine for Year 1
	being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences	Pie Corbett's Page turners for year 1
Frequent		Pie Corbett's poetry spine for year 1

	 becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics 	Top 50 scheme for year 1
	recognising and joining in with predictable phrases	125 22 25
	learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart	Recommended reads for year 1
	discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	,
	Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they	Fairy stories/ traditional tales/ nursery rhymes
	listen to by:	
	 drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher 	Books with recurring language
	 checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading 	Learning poems off by heart with good intonation
	discussing the significance of the title and events	Non-fiction: can also link cross-curricular.
	making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	
	predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	
	participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to	
	what others say	
	Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.	
Spelling	 words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught 	Appendix 1 of NC
	common exception words	See Appendix 1 of NC which is statutory
Frequent	the days of the week	
	name the letters of the alphabet	Teach spelling alongside reading
	naming the letters of the alphabet in order	Segment spoken words into individual phonemes
	using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound	and represent the phoneme to the appropriate
	add prefixes and suffixes:	grapheme
	 using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs 	
	using the prefix un-	
	 using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest] 	
	apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1	
	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using	
	the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.	
	•	
Handwriting	sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly	Twinkl Handwriting Scheme
Frequent and	begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the	
discrete direct	right place	
teaching	form capital letters	
	• form digits 0-9	
	• Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.	

Writing	Write sentences by:	Writing can be chosen to support class topics or
	 saying out loud what they are going to write about 	themes however must consist of poetry, fiction
Daily	composing a sentence orally before writing it	and non-fiction texts across the year.
	 sequencing sentences to form short narratives 	
	 re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense 	Non-negotiables of Talk for Writing must continue
	 discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils 	to be taught: Oral-story telling, development of
	Read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.	vocabulary and story maps on washing lines, whole school actions used for signal signposts and punctuation
GPS	Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:	
	leaving spaces between words	Best taught as part of the writing process.
Daily	 joining words and joining clauses using 'and' 	See Appendix 2 of NC which is statutory
	 beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark 	
	 using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I' learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2 	
	 use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. 	

Coverage: Twinkl Phonics (Year 1)

Year	Timescale	Twinkl Phonics	Rhino	Sounds	Common Exception Words	Decodable Rhino Readers Books
		level	Readers Level		·	
	Weeks 1 - 3	Level 2	2a	s, a, t, p, i, n, m, d, g, o, c, k	None	Sip, sip, tip Dig and Tap Pat and Pig
	Weeks 4-5	Level 2	2b	e, u, r, h, b, f, l, ck, ss, ll, ff	to, the, no, go, I	Get a Hat Hit and Miss The Sock
	Week 6	Level 2	2c	Consolidation of Level 2 Sounds Compound words	All previous words	In the Cockpit The Map Gus the Gull
	Weeks 1 – 4	Level 3	3a	j, v, w, x, y, z, zz, qu, ch, sh, th, th, ng	he, she, we, me, be, was	We can Will we win A fox at the shops
Reception EYFS	Weeks 5 - 9	Level 3	3b	ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, ure, er	my, you, they, here, all, are	All for dad At the fair A cure for Ben
Recel	Weeks 10 - 12	Level 3	3c	Consolidation of Level 3 Sounds Compound Words	All previous words	Farm to Yarn Chicks on the Run All sorts of diggers
	Weeks 1 - 2	Level 4	4a	CVCC and CCVC words Digraphs and trigraphs without adjacent consonants	said, so, have, like, come, some	A Trip in a rocket In the Bug Hut Haircuts
	Weeks 3 - 4	Level 4	4b	Words with adjacent consonants including Level 3 vowel digraphs/trigraphs CVCC and CCVC words containing Level 3 vowel digraphs and trigraphs	were, there, little, one, do, when, out, what	All sorts of hair Jet the Vet The Midnight Ball
	Week 5	Level 4	4C	Three-letter adjacent consonants Two-syllable words	All previous words	Soon Little One, Soon Up at Night My Shell is too tight
	Weeks 1-10	Level 5	5a	ay' saying /ai/ 'oy' saying /oi/ 'ie' saying /igh/ 'ea' saying /ee/ 'a_e' saying /ai/ 'e_e' saying /ee/ 'i_e' saying /igh 'o_e' saying /oa/ 'u_e' saying /oo/ and /yoo/ 'ou' saying /ow/ Long vowel sounds 'ch' saying /c/ 'ch' saying /sh/	could, should, would, want, oh, their, Mr, Mrs, love, your, people, looked, called, asked, water, where, who, why, thought, through	Come into the woods On your Marks! Kit and Sam Mr Gale's Garden
Year 1	Weeks 11 - 20	Level 5	5b	'ir' saying /ur/ 'ue' saying /yoo/ and /oo/ 'ew' saying /yoo/ and /oo/ 'y' saying /ee/ 'aw'/'au' saying /or/ 'ow'/'oe' saying /oa/ 'wh' saying /w/ 'c'	work, house, many, laughed, because, different, any, eye, friend, also, once, live, please, coming, Monday, Tuesday,	Your body from Top to Toe All sorts of Homes Jay's Day at the Park

			saying /s/ 'g' saying /j/ 'ph' saying /f/ 'ea' saying /e/	Wednesday, brother, more, before	
	Level 5	5c	'ie' saying /ee/ 'tch' saying /ch/ 'are' saying /air/ 'ear' saying /air/ 'ore' saying /or/	January, February, April, July, scissors, beautiful, castle, treasure, door, floor, bought, favourite, autumn, gone, colour, other, does, talk, two, know	Do elephants wear sun cream Please leave me alone A magical trip to Scotland

Forming Letter Families

Twinkl Handwriting | Year 1 | Steps to Progression Overview

The aim of this overview is to show the most logical sequence for teaching each area of handwriting when using Twinkl Handwriting. However, Twinkl Handwriting is designed to be a pick 'n' mix style scheme. If you feel that your students need to concentrate on a specific letter family or a particular skill, you could tailor the programme to fit the requirements of your learners.

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	The Ladder Family (I, i, u, t, y and j)					Assess and Review The One-Armed Robot Family Handw			Themed Handwriting Practice			
Spring	Th	e One-Arme (k, b, p	d Robot Fam and r)	nily	Assess ar	nd Review	The Curly Caterpillar Family (c, a, d, e, s and g)					
Summer	The Cur	ly Caterpilla (f, q and o)	r Family	Assess ar	nd Review	The Zigzag Monster Family (z, v, w and x)		Assess ar	nd Review	Themed Handwriting Practice		

Year 1 Assessment Statements

By the end of these lessons, most children should be able to:

- sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly;
- begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place;
- understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.

Forming Letter Families

Twinkl Handwriting's Forming Letter Families packs have been created to teach year 1 children the sets of letter 'families' in a progressive teaching sequence. Within each PowerPoint presentation, all lower case letters are shown using a printed style (without lead-ins or lead-outs) with the aim of securing the correct basic letter formation of the entire alphabet before adjusting handwriting to a preferred style.

Talk for Writing Non-Negotiables for EYFS and Year 1

- Oral story telling with actions please record for evidence
- Learning journey evidenced on washing line Story map and key vocabulary/ spellings/ Common Exception Words
- Whole school actions for signal signposts and punctuation embedded from EYFS

Recommended Reads for Reception/Year 1

When planning texts for reading and writing across the year/cycle, include:

- Stories representing different cultures and faiths(multicultural characters/settings across the world)
- PSHE links, e.g. difference, friendship (link to PSHE units)
- World issues such as war, immigration, refugees
- A variety of picture, written books and films
- Different timescales (classic perhaps involving archaic language, modern)
- Different authors/poets (including those of BAME)

Below are some suggested texts that are recommended for EYFS and year 1. If you read or explore any of the texts, please update the curriculum map below.

Picture/ Written Books EYFS Suggestions	Picture/ Written Books Year 1 Suggestions	Authors EYFS/ Yr 1
Baby Goz by Steve Weatherill Shark in the Park by Nick Sharratt (rhyming) Oi! Get Off Our Train by John Burningham (endangered animals awareness) Peep Inside Nighttime by Anna Milbourne Small Knight and George and the Royal Chocolate Cake by Ronda Armitage (rhyming) How to Catch a Star by Oliver Jeffers Blue Monster Wants it All by Jeanne Willis (PSHE – greediness) I am a Tiger by Karl Newson A First Book of Nature by Nicola Davies (poems, stories) Elmer by David McKee (PSHE) This Book Just Ate My Dog by Richard Byrne Mr Big by Ed Vere (being different) Little Green Donkey by Anuska Allepuz	That Rabbit Belongs to Emily Brown by Cressida Cowell and NEal Layton (property and justice) Numenia and the Hurricane by Fiona Halliday (rhyming) Cinnamon by Neil Gaiman (fable) I Can Only Draw Worms by Will Mabbitt The Very Hungry Caterpillar by Eric Carle Goodnight Everyone by Chris Haughton We're Going on a Bear Hunt by Michael Rosen (repetition) Peace at Last by Jill Murphy The Bad-Tempered Ladybird by Eric Carle (telling the time) Funnybones by Allan Ahlberg The Gruffalo by Julia Donaldson A Bear Called Paddington A Lion In the Meadow by Margaret Mahy Cops and Robbers by Allan Ahlberg Hairy Maclary by Lynley Dodd (rhyme)	Shirley Hughes Judith Kerr Hans Christian Anderson (classic – trad tales) Michael Rosen (poet-pattern and rhyme) Lynley Dodd (pattern and rhyme) David McKee Jill Murphy Spike Miligan (nonsense poems) Julia Donaldson Emily Gravett Nick Sharatt Beatrix Potter (classic) Eric Carle Chitra Soundar (BAME author) Rachel Isadora (multicultural books)
	Thairy iviaciary by Lynney Dodd (mynne)	Literacy Shed Films

The Perfect Sofa by Fifi Kuo (compromise, agreement	Owl Babies (reassurance)	Owl Babies
and not giving up)	There Are Cats in This Book by Viviane Schwarz	Zahra
Corduroy by Don Freeman (modern classic)	Mister Magnolia by Quentin Blake	Whistleless
Supertato by Sue Hendra	Avocado Baby by John Burningham	Way Back Home
Bears Don't Eat Egg Sandwiches by Julie Felton	The Tiger Who Came to Tea by Judith Kerr	The Ugly Sharkling
Stanley and Rhoda by Rosemary Wells (getting on and	Meg and Mog	The Girl with the Yellow Bag
falling out)	Not Now, Bernard	The ClockTower
Aliens Love Underpants by Claire Freedman (rhyming)	Dogger	Dangle
Aliens Love Oriderpants by Claire Freedinan (mynning)	The Dark by Lemony Snicket (fear)	Bubbles
		Book of Butterflies

Multi-cultural books	Refugees and Immigration	
Abdi's Day by Verna Wilkins	What WIII I Be? By Dawne Allette	Leaf (refugee/immigration)
And Me! By Karen King	What happened to you? By James Catchpole	There's Room for Everyone (refugee/immigration)
Baba's Gift by Beverley Naidoo	Baby Dance by Ann Taylor	
Baby Ruby Bawled by Malaika Rose Stanley	Baby Finds by Verna Allette Wilkins	
Bein' With You This Way by W.Nikola-Lisa	Let's Feed the Ducks by Pamela Venus	
Caribbean Dream by Rachel Isadora	Let's Have Fun by Pamela Venus	
Eat Up, Gemma by Sarah Hayes	Peekaboo Morning by Rachel Isadora	
The Gigantic Turnip by Alexei Tolstoy	One Hundred Steps: The Story of Captain Sir Tom Moore	
The Goggle-Eyed Goats by Stephen Davies	The Perfect Shelter by Clare Helen Welsh (long-term illness)	
Grandfather and I by Helen E Buckley	Max the Champion by Sean Stockdale (disability)	
African Animal Tales range by Mwenye Hadithi	The Itchy-Saurus (eczema)	
Handa's Surprise	The Cookie: A story of friendship and food allergy	
In a Minute by Tony Bradman	Specs for Rex (wearing glasses)	
Please, Baby, Please by Spike Lee	Freddie and the Fairy (hearing loss)	
Skip Across the Ocean by Floella Benjamin	My Daddies! By Gareth Peter	
The Skipping-Rope Snake by Carol Ann Duffy	We're all Wonders by R J Palacio (diversity/disability)	
Smart Aunties by Nick Sharratt	It's a No-Money Day:1 by Kate Milner (poverty)	
So Much! By Trish Cooke	Two Homes by Claire Masurel	
The Tiger Child by Joanna Troughton	Susan Laughs by Joanne Willis	
Wait and See by Tony Bradman	Rescue and Jessica by Jessica Kensky (guide dog)	
We're Going on a Lion Hunt by David Axtell	Fruits: A Caribbean Counting Poem	
The Name Jar	Over the Hills and Far Away (rhymes)	
The Great Race (Chinese New Year)	Ramadan Moon	
The Runaway Wok	Let's Celebrate! Festival Poems from around the world	
Lanterns and Firecrackers: A Chinese New Year Story		
The Magic Paintbrush (Chinese tale by Julia Donaldson)		

Reading for Pleasure Curriculum Map: Year 1

Pie Corbett's Reading Spine **Top 50 Reads** For Year 1 Suggested books that all children in Year 1 should read or have read to them Peace at last – Jill Murphy Top 50: Box 1 **Top 50: Box 2** Can't you sleep little bear? –Martin Waddell Where the Wild Things Are – Maurice Sendack ✓ The Elephant and the Bad Baby - Elfrida Vipont and Raymond Briggs ✓ Avocado Baby – John Burningham The Tiger who Came to Tea – Judith Kerr Lost and Found – Oliver Jeffers Knuffle Bunny – Mo Willems Beegu – Alexis Deacon Dogger – Shirley Hughes Cops and Robbers – Janet and Alan Ahlberg ✓ Elmer- David Mckee WORMS Pie Corbett's Page Turners for Year 1 Silly Billy - Anthony Browne Man on the Moon – Simon Bartram Burglar Bill – Alan Ahlberg Something Else – Kathryn Cave The Enchanted Wood – Enid Blyton Greatest Animal Stories – Michael Morpurgo Wolves – Emily Gravett **Pie Corbett's Poetry Spine** For Year 1 When We Were Very Young - A. A. Milne ✓ Hey Little Bug – Poems for little creatures – James Carter ✓ The Puffin Book of Fantastic First Poems – June Crebbin

Class 2 Curriculum Map: EYFS/ Year 1

Green Sections MUST	Class 1- EYFS	Class 2 – EYFS/ Year 1	Class 3 – Year 1
be taught			
	5 Current Buns	5 green and speckled frogs	Little Bo Peep
School progression of	5 Little ducks	5 Little monkeys	One, Two, Buckle my shoe
Nursery Rhymes	10 Green Bottles	One, two, three, four, five	A sailor went to sea, sea, sea
	Miss Polly Had a dolly	There were 10 in the bed	Row, row, row your boat
	Incy Wincy Spider	Hickory Dickory Dock	10 fat sausages sizzling in a pan
	Baa baa black sheep	Ring a ring o roses	Jack and Jill
	I'm a little teapot	Hey diddle diddle	The Grand Old Duke of York
	Twinkle twinkle little star	Humpty Dumpty	Sing a song of sixpence
			Mary, Mary Quite Contrary
	The Pancake (Christina Rossetti)	If you should meet a crocodile (Christine	On the Ning Nang Nong (Spike Milligan)
School progression of	The tadpole (Elizabeth Gould)	Fletcher)	Now we are Six (A A Milne)
Rhymes/Poems to	Mud (John Smith)	Star light star bright (traditional)	
recite off by heart		Ask Mummy, Ask Daddy (John Aghard)	
	Poems linked to topics		Poems linked to topics
		Poems linked to topics	
School progression of	The Enormous Turnip	The Little Red Hen	The Three Billy Goats Gruff
Fairy Tales/	Goldilocks and The Three Bears	The Magic porridge pot	The Three Little Pigs
Traditional Tales	The Gingerbread Man	Cinderella	Red Riding Hood
Fiction	The Tiger Who Came to Tea	The Lighthouse Keeper's lunch	Peace at Last
(Including repetitive	The Scarecrow's Wedding The Enormous Turnip	Jasper's Beanstalk Owl babies	Funnybones Winnie the Witch
language books)	Room on the Broom	The explorer	The Troll
	What's in the Witch's Kitchen?	Lost and Found	Lost and Found
	Funny Bones	Peace at Last	The Three Little Pigs
	After the Storm	The owl who was afraid of the Dark	Zog
	Owl Babies	Dogger	
	One Snowy Night	The extraordinary Gardener	
	Lost and Found		
	Man on the Moon (a day in the life of Bob)		
	QPootle5		

Non-Fiction	The Nativity Story	Books about the seaside	Information books about castles Books
	Lanterns and Firecrackers: A Chinese New	Books about The world	about plants
	Year Story	Antarctica	Information books about Kenya Books about
	The Great Race (Chinese New Year)	The Artic	animals
		Books about Plants	