Subject Sequencing for Skills Art and Design

Threshold Concept	Milestone 1	Milestone 2	Milestone 3
Fundamental art skills This involves developing fundamental skills	Hold and use scissors correct way round Use glue with a glue spreader and/ or use a glue stick to enable freedom of expression	Hold and use scissors accurately – cutting on the line Use glue (variety) to stick with confidence and improving accuracy	Use scissors with co circumstances Use glue (variety) v
	Hold a thick pencil or paint brush using appropriate grip	Hold a thin pencil or paint brush using appropriate grip and working with accuracy	Use a variety of me
	Hold a ruler with opposite hand to writing hand	Hold a ruler with opposite hand to writing hand, fingers spread. Draw line with other hand with increasing accuracy.	Hold a ruler firmly lines with other ha
Develop ideas This concept involves understanding how ideas develop through an artistic process.	 Respond to ideas and starting points. Explore ideas and collect visual information. Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop. 	 Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. Collect information, sketches and resources. Adapt and refine ideas as they progress. 	 Develop and images starting points through the collect information and present ideas is book. Use the qualities ideas.

confidence and accuracy in all

with accuracy in all situations

nedia with confidence and accuracy

in different directions on page, draw and whilst ruler not moving

aginatively extend ideas from roughout the curriculum. tion, sketches and resources imaginatively in a sketch

s of materials to enhance

			 Explore ideas in a variety of ways. Comment on artworks using visual language. 	 Spot the potential work progresses. Comment on artwork visual language.
Master techniques This concept involves developing a skill set so that ideas may be communicated.	Painting	 Use thick and thin brushes. Mix primary colours to make secondary. Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones. Create colour wheels. 	 Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. Mix colours effectively. Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. Experiment with creating mood with colour. 	 Sketch (lightly) beiline and colour. Create a colour particular observed in the national observed of a piece. Use brush technique paint to create textors. Develop a personal observed observed observed observed observed in the national observed in the national
	Collage	 Use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued. Sort and arrange materials. Mix materials to create texture. 	 Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. Ensure work is precise. Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. 	 Mix textures (roug patterned). Combine visual an Use ceramic mosa
	Sculpture/ 3D	 Use a combination of shapes. Include lines and texture. Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials. Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving. 	 Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials). Include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement. Use clay and other mouldable materials. Add materials to provide interesting detail. 	 Show life-like qual proportions or, if me different interpretate Use tools to carve and pattern. Combine visual an Use frameworks (sprovide stability and

ial in unexpected results as

tworks with a fluent grasp of

before painting to combine

- palette based upon colours atural or built world.
- s of watercolour and acrylic
- sually interesting pieces.
- s, tones and tints to enhance ce.
- iques and the qualities of ture.
- nal style of painting, drawing other artists.

ugh and smooth, plain and

and tactile qualities. saic materials and techniques.

alities and real-life more abstract, provoke tations. ve and add shapes, texture

and tactile qualities. (such as wire or moulds) to nd form.

	Drawing	 Draw lines of different sizes and thickness. Colour (own work) neatly following the lines. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. Show different tones by using coloured pencils. 	 Use different grades of pencils to show line, tone and texture. Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes). Use shading to show light and shadow. Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture. 	 Use a variety of to (e.g. reflections, sh Use a choice of to perspective, shadow Choose a style of realistic or impression Use lines to represent
	Print	 Use repeating or overlapping shapes. Mimic print from the environment (e.g. wallpapers). Use objects to create prints (e.g. fruit, vegetables or sponges). Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints. 	 Use layers of two or more colours. Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. Make printing blocks (e.g. from coiled string glued to a block). Make precise repeating patterns. 	 Build up layers of Create an accurat Use a range of vis of the work.
	Textiles	 Use weaving to create a pattern. Join materials using glue and/or a stitch. Use plaiting. Use dip dye techniques. 	 Shape and stitch materials. Use basic cross stitch and back stitch. Colour fabric. Create weavings. Quilt, pad and gather fabric. 	 Show precision in Choose from a ra Combine previou pieces.
	Digital media	• Use a wide range of tools to create different textures, lines, tones, colours and shapes.	• Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they were created.	• Enhance digital m video, animation, s

techniques to add interesting effects hadows, direction of sunlight). techniques to depict movement, ows and reflection. of drawing suitable for the work (e.g.

sionistic).

resent movement.

of colours. ate pattern, showing fine detail. visual elements to reflect the purpose

in techniques. ange of stitching techniques. usly learned techniques to create

media by editing (including sound, still images and installations).

Take inspiration from the greats

This concept involves learning from both the artistic process and techniques of great artists and artisans throughout history. Describe the work of notable artists, artisans and designers.
Use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces. • Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers.

• Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others. Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers.
Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other

artists.

• Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles.